



Annual Report 2017

**Interogo
Holding AG
consolidated**

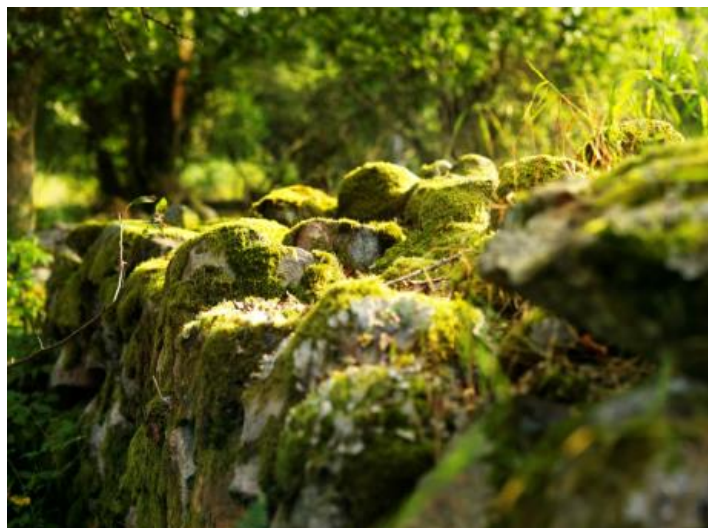


Photo cover:

Moxy Hotel Vienna Airport, Austria, operated by Bierwirth & Kluth Hotel Management

Meeting at Nalka Invest, Stockholm, Sweden

Classic stone wall from Småland, a true symbol of longevity and our heritage © Inter IKEA Systems B.V.

www.interogoholding.com

Interogo Holding AG

Registered as a Aktiengesellschaft (corporation limited by share ownership)

Under Swiss law with a capital of CHF 330'000'000

Registered office: Bahnhofstrasse 15

8808 Pfäffikon SZ

Switzerland

Company-ID: CHE-416.814.967

Consolidated Financial Statements as at 31 December 2017 and independent auditor's report

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Management report

Message from Chairman and CEO

The Interogo Holding AG Group, based in Switzerland, is fully dedicated to investments in real estate, listed and non-listed equities, bonds, fund management and treasury management. The overall investment strategy is to create financial stability and long-term value. This is to support the independence and longevity of our sole shareholder, Interogo Foundation, in its purpose to secure continuous improvement and a long life of the IKEA Concept.

All businesses have grown significantly during 2017. Operating revenues were up by 73%. Nalka Invest AB, with portfolio companies within retail, industrials and services, grew sales by 45% on the back of business development and the acquisition of new companies. The European real estate business, the Vastint Group, and Nalka Invest AB, with its portfolio company in modular buildings, recorded a consolidated organic growth in rental income of 22%.

Realised gains in our Private Equity Portfolios increased to EUR 455 m. Portfolio valuations developed in a satisfactory manner.

The overall net capital expenditure during 2017 amounted to EUR 400 m in real estate development alone (land and construction). The Vastint Group portfolio now accounts for 1 015 Tsqm of rentable space, with a further 597 Tsqm of offices, hotels and residential under various phases of development around Europe.

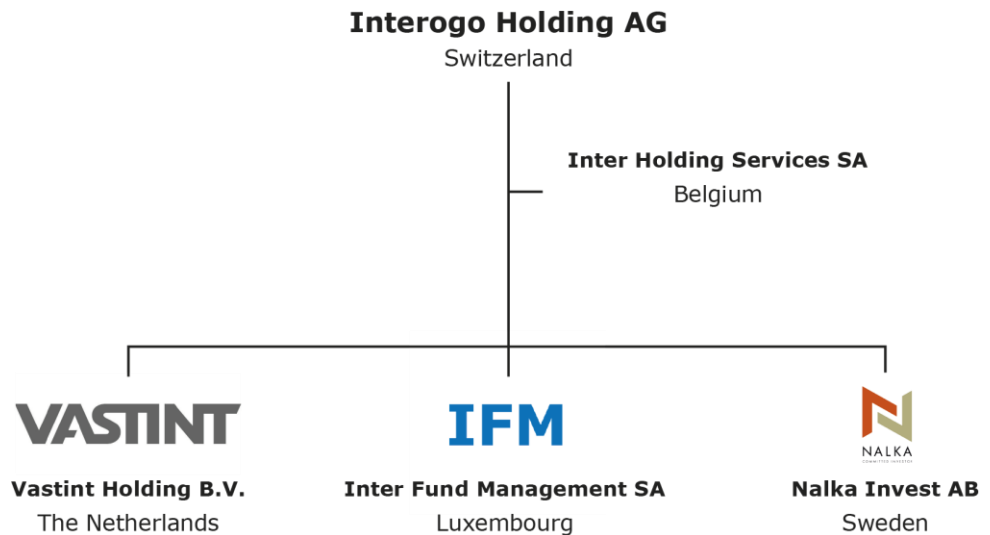
All treasury activities are now performed by the parent company Interogo Holding AG. This includes management of lending and borrowing with its subsidiaries and other related parties. At closing, the net related party loans receivable amounted to EUR 1 707 m and loans to subsidiaries amounted to EUR 2 804 m. Its subsidiary Inter Fund Management SA, based in Luxembourg, managed EUR 4 665 m of financial assets on behalf of related parties at year-end.

The net profit for the year amounted to EUR 1 816 m, whereof EUR 1 500 m of dividend was received from Inter IKEA Holding BV, a sister company in which Interogo Holding AG owns non-voting shares.

Market conditions continued to be favourable to our businesses in 2017. We strongly believe that our long-term and patient investment strategy is a solid foundation to support our development. Our long-term view enables us to invest in bad times, and not only in good times.

The Interogo Holding AG Group is fortunate to be intrusted to manage and develop a variety of asset classes. We are grateful to the dedicated and motivated co-workers forming our organisation.

Our business in brief



The Interogo Holding AG group ("Group") is composed of various business units active in real estate and financial investments:

Interogo Holding AG is managing lending, borrowing and liquidities for its subsidiaries and other related parties owned by Interogo Foundation.

The **Vastint Group**, owned by Vastint Holding BV in the Netherlands, develops and manages a portfolio of real estate around Europe. (see also www.vastint.eu)

Inter Fund Management SA is a Luxembourg AIFMD regulated fund manager. It manages a variety of specialized investment funds of listed and non-listed equities and bonds. (see also www.ifm-sa.eu)

Nalka Invest AB is a Swedish investment firm focusing on acquiring and developing Nordic businesses. (see also www.nalka.com)

Each asset class is managed by separate teams, with special skill sets and organizations of their own.

Sustainability

Interogo Holding AG has a long-term perspective in our business and believes responsibility and profitability go hand in hand.

Our business model is decentralised and each business areas have a far-reaching responsibility for their own operations, including a responsibility for developing and adhering to sustainable practices.

Vastint Group

The Vastint Group sees sustainability as working towards positive long-term social, economic, environmental solutions and developments.

All new buildings and refurbishments shall have an environmental certification, preferably according to internationally recognised certification systems such as BREEAM or LEED. As high certification as reasonably possible shall be strived for, taking into consideration circumstances of the individual project and the overall market situation.

During 2017, eight properties / projects were certified in accordance to either BREEAM or LEED standards.

Inter Fund Management S.A.

Inter Fund Management S.A. evaluates its investments not only based on sound financial criteria, but also on policies developed to also weigh in Environmental, Societal and Governance (ESG) factors. Depending on asset class and management form, Inter Fund Management S.A. has developed a dynamic framework for how to address and approach ESG factors in all its investments.

Nalka Invest AB

From an initial sustainability screening and thorough due diligence of prospects, including ESG factors, Nalka Invest AB maintains an active role through-out the entire ownership period by working closely with the management teams of portfolio companies to improve ESG practices.

Corporate governance

Interogo Holding AG is overseen by a board of four directors:

- Hans Gydell (Chairman)
- Soren Hansen (CEO)
- Lennart Sten
- Jean-Louis Ouellette (CFO)

Directors are elected at the general shareholder meeting and normally appointed for a period of three years. Board meetings are held three times per year.

The board of directors has assigned an audit committee to oversee financial reporting, regulatory compliance and corporate governance. The audit committee meets two times per year.

Each business unit has a board of directors meeting three times per year. The boards are generally composed of the Group CEO, the managing director of each business unit and a selected panel of Group executives and external members. The boards are supported by advisory and investment committees where appropriate.

Pfäffikon, Switzerland, April 19, 2018



Hans Gydell
Chairman



Søren Hansen
CEO

Consolidated financial statements 2017

Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017

Assets in EUR 1,000	Notes	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
Non-current Assets			
Intangible assets	3	445,740	302,335
Leased land and tangible assets	2	2,155,294	1,769,624
Non-current financial assets	5	10,515,357	11,149,781
Other non-current assets		15,159	6,749
Total non-current Assets		13,131,550	13,228,489
Current Assets			
Inventories	6	114,279	86,132
Trade receivables		113,985	67,075
Other receivables and prepayments		220,801	91,770
Current financial assets	5	3,231,213	2,439,832
Securities	7	1,262,955	853,941
Cash and cash equivalent	8	195,681	162,197
Total current Assets		5,138,914	3,700,947
Total Assets		18,270,464	16,929,436
Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity in EUR 1,000			
Shareholder's equity			
Share capital		300,000	300,000
Share premium		900,000	900,000
Legal reserve		30,000	30,000
Retained earnings		6,887,988	5,071,653
Non-controlling interests		72,812	41,087
Total shareholder's equity		8,190,800	6,342,740
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current provisions	9	51,746	36,814
Non-current financial liabilities	10	7,720,943	8,365,921
Other non-current liabilities		404	792
Total non-current liabilities		7,773,093	8,403,527
Current liabilities			
Current financial liabilities	10	2,042,044	2,006,712
Trade payables		99,462	66,360
Other current liabilities		74,342	32,265
Accrued liabilities		90,723	77,832
Total current liabilities		2,306,571	2,183,169
Total liabilities		10,079,664	10,586,696
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity		18,270,464	16,929,436

Consolidated Income Statement for the year ending December 31, 2017

Income statement in EUR 1,000	Notes	2017	2016
Net sales		627,546	433,669
Cost of goods sold		-384,883	-273,518
Gross profit		242,663	160,151
Other operating revenues	13	694,180	380,375
Operating income		936,843	540,526
Personnel expenses	14	-233,748	-199,440
Depreciation on tangible assets		-66,749	-54,555
Impairment on tangible assets		1,831	-1,423
Amortization of intangible assets		-64,051	-39,688
Other operating expenses	16	-215,300	-200,423
Operating result (EBIT)		358,826	44,997
Financial result	17	1,513,394	278,402
Profit before tax (EBT)		1,872,220	323,399
Income Taxes	18	-18,182	-15,050
Net profit		1,854,038	308,349
Attributable to shareholders of the parent company		1,816,472	305,113
Attributable to non-controlling interests		37,566	3,236

Consolidated Statement of Cash-Flows for the year ending December 31, 2017

In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Net profit	1,854,038	308,348
Depreciation and amortization	130,800	94,242
Impairment on tangible and financial assets	-1,831	1,423
Gain on disposal of tangible and financial assets	-441,833	-
Change in provisions	-1,243	2,766
Deferred income taxes	12,605	480
Other non-cash items	158,271	-104,162
Change in net working capital	-130,045	-28,250
Cash-flow from operating activities	1,580,762	274,847
Investments in tangible assets	-442,626	-450,939
Disposals of tangible assets	26,306	67,469
Investments in intangible assets	-	-3,679
Investments in financial assets net	168,496	-1,273,097
Investment in Group companies	-130,217	-
Disposal of Group companies	97,908	-
Cash-flow from investment activities	-280,133	-1,660,246
Change in current financial liabilities	-657,714	-622,755
Change in non-current financial liabilities	-200,495	-26,190
Change in minority shareholders of subsidiaries	78	-9,152
Cash-flow from financing activities	-858,131	-658,097
Change in cash and cash equivalents	442,498	-2,043,496
Opening value of cash accounts	1,016,138	3,059,634
Closing value of cash accounts	1,458,636	1,016,138

Changes in Shareholders' Equity as of December 31, 2017

In EUR 1,000	Balance 01.01.2016	Result of the year	Dividends distributed	Change of scope	Change in capital	Currency trans- lation	Balance 31.12.2016
Share capital	300,000						300,000
Share premium	900,000						900,000
Legal reserve	30,000						30,000
Retained earnings	4,768,081						4,768,081
Result of the year		305,113					305,113
Currency adjustment	881					-2,422	-1,541
Non-controlling interests	40,291	3,236	-9,152	8,015		-1,303	41,087
Total Equity	6,039,253	308,349	-9,152	8,015	0	-3,725	6,342,740

In EUR 1,000	Balance 01.01.2017	Result of the year	Dividends distributed	Change of scope	Change in capital	Currency trans- lation	Balance 31.12.2017
Share capital	300,000						300,000
Share premium	900,000						900,000
Legal reserve	30,000						30,000
Retained earnings	5,073,194	1,816,472		5,110			6,894,776
Currency adjustment	-1,541					-5,247	-6,788
Non-controlling interests	41,087	37,566	-5,870	-5,110	5,984	-845	72,812
Total Equity	6,342,740	1,854,038	-5,870	0	5,984	-6,092	8,190,800

The share capital of the Group is composed as follows:

	Shares	
	Number	Value
At December 31, 2016	330,000	CHF 1,000
At December 31, 2017	330,000	CHF 1,000

All issued registered shares are fully paid in and have equal rights in respect to dividend distributions and capital repayment.

Basis for the Consolidated Financial Statements

General

Interogo Holding AG (hereafter "Holding") is a company incorporated in Switzerland for an unlimited period of time (Canton Schwyz trade register CHE-416.814.967). The consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2017, comprise the Holding, its subsidiaries and its participating interests (hereafter "Group").

The Group is focussed on performing investments in real estate, listed and non-listed equities, bonds, fund management and treasury management.

The Board of Directors released the consolidated financial statements for publication on April 19, 2018.

Fundamental accounting and assessment methods

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Swiss accounting and reporting recommendations of Swiss GAAP FER according to the principle of "true and fair view". They are based on the financial statements of the Group prepared for the same reporting period using consistent accounting policies.

The Group reporting currency is the Euro ("EUR"). The period comprises twelve months and ends 31 December.

All figures included in these financial statements and notes to the financial statements are rounded to the nearest EUR 1,000, except where otherwise indicated.

Consolidation policies

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Control is presumed to exist when the Group, directly or indirectly, owns more than half of the voting rights of an entity. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or tradable can also determine whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is obtained. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. Subsidiaries are recognised using the purchase method. The consideration encompasses the compensation transferred in exchange for obtaining control over the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the company acquired. The compensation encompasses cash payments as well as the fair market value of both the transferred assets, the incurred or assumed liabilities and, in addition, the equity instruments as of the trade date that have been issued by the Group. The net assets acquired comprising identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities, are recognised at their fair value. Goodwill is recognised as of the acquisition date and is measured as the excess of the consideration transferred as described over and above the fair value of the identified net assets. If the Group does not acquire 100% of the shares of a company, the non-controlling interests in equity is to be disclosed separately in equity.

Transactions, balances and gains on transactions between subsidiaries are eliminated. Losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset.

Associates

Associates are companies that are significantly influenced, but not controlled by the Group. This is generally evidenced when the Group owns between 20% and 50% of a company. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. The Group's investment in associates may include goodwill identified on acquisition.

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies other than the reporting currency are translated at the foreign exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the foreign exchange rate effective at that date. Foreign exchange differences, arising from the settlement of foreign currency transactions or on translation of monetary assets and liabilities, are recognized in the income statement.

Foreign subsidiaries

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries are translated into EUR at year-end exchange rates for Balance Sheet and average exchange rates for Profit & Loss Accounts. The Equity accounts are kept at historical cost. Resulting differences are recorded under currency translation adjustment in equity.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are accounted for at fair value. Changes in the fair value are recognized immediately in the income statement.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and time deposits with a residual term to maturity from the balance sheet date of 90 days at the most. They form the basis of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Securities

Listed securities, portfolios or hedge funds managed by third parties are recorded at stock market prices at the balance sheet date. Unlisted securities are shown in the balance sheet at acquisition cost less any impairment.

Trade receivables / other receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are valued at par value less impairment, if any. An allowance is set aside if objective indications show that receivables cannot be collected. Allowances are based on individual valuations.

Prepayments

Prepayments are costs relating to a subsequent accounting period that are capitalized as assets until they are actually used (e.g. insurance premiums, rent, interest charges and sundry costs paid in advance, non-consumed costs, maintenance contract fees).

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost. Discounts are recognised as a reduction in the purchase price. If the book value exceeds the net market value, an impairment loss is recorded on the income statement in the current period (lower of cost or market principle). Net market value is equivalent to the current market price less the usual sales deductions, marketing costs and administrative costs yet to be incurred. Inventories that cannot be sold are written off in full. The costs of inventories are determined by using the first in first out ("FIFO") method.

Inventories include costs incurred in relation to the construction of buildings that are destined to be sold.

Leased land

A leased land is a long term lease agreement in which the tenant rents and uses the land to erect buildings and infrastructures. The tenant owns the temporary or permanent buildings and infrastructures built upon it.

Leased land is depreciated over the lease period, which expires between the years 2018 and 2110.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are carried at acquisition or manufacturing costs, with depreciation calculated using the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings – Retail	25
Buildings – Other	33
Building installations	15
Leasehold improvements and leased equipment	Lease period
IT equipment	5
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	10

Investment property

Investment properties are carried at historical or manufacturing cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment. The period of depreciation is calculated according to the category of asset.

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Net assets taken over in an acquisition are to be valued at actual values and any surplus of acquisition cost over the newly valued net assets is to be designated as goodwill (purchase price allocation). Goodwill is amortized over the expected useful life period not exceeding 10 years.

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets include licenses, patents or other rights. Other intangible assets are amortized over the expected useful life period not exceeding 10 years.

Financial assets

Financial assets include associates, related parties, non-listed investments in funds, co-investments and direct investments, held for the long-term and valued at historical cost less impairment.

Impairment of assets

All assets are reviewed as of each balance sheet date for indications of impairment. If there are indications that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined and the impairment loss is estimated. Should the estimated recoverable amount of the asset, which is equivalent to the higher of net market value and the useful value of the asset, be lower than the asset's book value, an adjustment is made to the income statement to reduce the book value of the

asset to the estimated recoverable amount in the same period in which the impairment was discovered. Net market value is the price obtainable between independent third parties less the associated selling expenses. Useful value is based on the estimated future cash flows resulting from the use of the asset, including any possible cash flow at the end of the useful life, discounted using an appropriate long-term interest rate.

Operating Leases

Operating lease payments are recognized as expenses in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized costs.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at its nominal amount.

Provisions

Provisions are established when a legal or constructive obligation arising from past events exists that will likely result in a cash outflow and this cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The provisions established represent the best possible estimate of the final obligation. Long-term provisions are discounted to their present values, provided that the impact is material. The subdivision into short-term and long-term provisions is based on whether utilisation is assumed to be probable within one year or at a later time.

Possible obligations whose existence requires confirmation by future events, or obligations whose amount cannot be reliably estimated, are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements as contingent liabilities.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are assessed according to the probability and scope of future unilateral contributions and costs, and are disclosed in the Notes.

Pension benefit obligations

The pension benefit obligations of the Group companies in respect of old age, death and disability comply with the statutory provisions and regulations in the respective countries.

An economic benefit is capitalised provided it will be available to reduce the company's future pension expenses. An economic obligation is recognized as a liability if the conditions for establishing a provision are met. Any unconditionally available employer contribution reserves are recognized as assets. The economic impacts of surpluses or deficits in the pension funds on the Group, as well as a change in any employer contribution reserves, are recognized as profit or loss and reported as personnel expenses in addition to the contributions deferred to the reporting period.

Taxes

Income taxes

Current income taxes are calculated at the prevailing tax rates on the basis of the expected fiscal result for the period as per commercial law and according to the respective tax assessment rules. They are disclosed under other current liabilities.

Deferred taxes

Deferred taxes are taken into account on temporary differences between tax bases and the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements and are calculated using the liability method based on effective or expected effective local tax rates. Deferred tax assets are recognized for loss carry-forwards where it is highly probable that they can be offset against future taxable income. The changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized in the consolidated income statement. Taxes on transactions that are reported in equity are also recognized in equity.

Revenue recognition

Net sales

Sales consists of all sales proceeds attained from the delivery of goods to third parties after deducting discounts, rebates, cash discounts and value-added taxes. Sales proceeds are always included in the income statement as soon as the delivery of the goods has taken place and benefit and risk have been transferred to the buyer.

Rental income

Rental income from the tenants is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Service income

Service income consists of services to third parties after deduction of discounts, rebates and value-added tax. Service proceeds are included in the income statement as soon as the service has been rendered.

Gain or loss on disposal of tangible and financial assets

The gain or loss on disposal of tangible and financial assets is recognised when assets are effectively sold. It consists of the sales proceed, net of any selling expenses, minus the net book value including any impairment previously taken on such assets.

Financial result

Financial income

Financial income comprises dividends, interest income, fair value adjustment gains on current liquid assets, realized foreign currency gains and gains on hedging instruments that are recognized in the income statement.

Interest income is recognized in the income statement as it accrues. Dividend income is recognized when declared by the Board of Directors or at the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, fair value adjustment losses on current liquid assets, realized foreign currency losses and losses on hedging instruments that are recognized in the income statement.

All borrowing costs are recognized in the income statement as it accrues.

Value adjustments result from the compliance of the fair market value principle applied to financial instruments, such as bonds, shares, warrants and options.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Subsequent events

From the balance sheet date until the consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on April 19, 2018, no major events occurred which could adversely affect the validity of the annual financial statements for 2017 or which would have to be disclosed.

Note 1 Consolidation scope

The most significant companies contributing to the Group consolidation as at December 31, 2017:

Entities	Country	Interest held in capital / votes	Currency	Share capital	Equity contribution
Interogo Holding AG	CH	Parent	TCHF	330'000	996,390
Inter Holding Services SA	BE	100%	TEUR	63	-
Vastint Holding BV *	NL	100%	TEUR	45,378	594,067
Vastint Netherlands BV *	NL	100%	TEUR	40,505	3
Vastint Belgium SA	BE	100%	TEUR	16,065	837
Parc Louise SA	BE	100%	TEUR	744	-
Vastint Lithuania UAB	LT	100%	TEUR	28,965	-
Vastint Latvia SIA	LV	100%	TEUR	20,630	-
Vastint Romania SRL	RO	100%	TRON	196,060	21
Vastint UK BV	NL	100%	TEUR	1,000	83,524
Vastint UK Services Ltd	UK	100%	TGBP	50	-
Vastint Land BV	NL	100%	TEUR	5,000	-
Vastint Leeds BV	NL	100%	TEUR	-	15,000
Vastint Cardiff BV	NL	100%	TEUR	-	-
Aurora Vastgoaed BV	NL	100%	TEUR	18	68,069
Colgardie S.L.	SP	100%	TEUR	36,703	9,000
Vastint Poland Spzoo	PL	100%	TPLN	177,783	682,120
Vastint Hospitality BV	NL	100%	TEUR	1,000	110,000
Hospitality Equipment BV	NL	100%	TEUR	100	-
Vastint Hospitality UK Services Ltd	UK	100%	TGBP	59	-
Vastint Hospitality Germany Services GmbH	DE	100%	TEUR	25	-
Vastint Hospitality Italy Factory SRL	IT	100%	TEUR	10	470
Vastint Hospitality Italy srl	IT	100%	TEUR	10	670
Vastint Hospitality Poland Spzoo	PL	100%	TPLN	5	-
Vastint Hospitality UK Student Home BV	NL	100%	TGBP	-	-
Inter Fund Management SA	LU	100%	TEUR	1,500	-
Inter STL SA	LU	100%	TEUR	52,900	-
Inter LTH Investments Holding Ltd	CY	100%	TEUR	359	39,490
International Sif / Sicav SA *	LU	92%	TEUR	1,250	638
Nalka Invest AB *	SE	100%	TSEK	60,000	858,418
Nordisk Markservice AB *	SE	77%	TSEK	50	62,500
Hööks Hästaport AB *	SE	81%	TSEK	233,550	4,950
Nordic Modular AB *	SE	98%	TSEK	4,899	327,250
Office Management AB *	SE	91%	TSEK	704,195	4,950
Eson Pac AB *	SE	63%	TSEK	84,703	126,607
Forsbergs Fritidscenter AB *	SE	52%	TSEK	51,944	93,590
Cibes Holding AB *	SE	97%	TSEK	11,262	403,833
Open Air Holding AB *	SE	90%	TSEK	46,796	110,572
Played Top Hold AB *	SE	90%	TSEK	354,285	-

* Companies having subsidiaries in following countries:
CH, DK, FI, NO, DE, ES, MT, MU, NL, SE, US, UK.

In 2017, Nalka Invest AB acquired 97% of the shares of Cibes Holding AB and 90% of Played Top Hold AB. The shares of RBG Holding AB were sold in December 2017.

Note 2 Leased land and tangible assets

In EUR 1,000	Leased Land	Land & building	Leasehold improvements	Other assets & equipment	Assets under construction	Total
At cost						
As at January 1, 2016	28,235	1,400,055	78,870	183,760	206,377	1,897,297
Additions	10,030	245,491	11,175	22,559	161,684	450,939
Disposals	-	-96,303	-2,483	-6,535	-400	-105,721
Transfers	-	95,570	-	-	-95,570	-
Scope change	858	24,907	709	733	-	27,207
Translation adjustment	-	-3,819	-220	-7,583	-1	-11,623
As at December 31, 2016	39,123	1,665,901	88,051	192,934	272,090	2,258,099
As at January 1, 2017						
Additions	1,033	99,816	11,429	28,430	301,918	442,626
Disposals	-	-12,967	-3,097	-3,709	-7,065	-26,838
Transfers	2,411	253,605	-39	287	-238,730	17,534
Scope change	-	20,894	-3,889	-143	-	16,862
Translation adjustment	-	-4,312	-75	-4,941	-324	-9,652
As at December 31, 2017	42,567	2,022,937	92,380	212,858	327,889	2,698,631
Accumulated depreciation						
As at January 1, 2016	4,373	321,300	32,122	136,851	-	494,646
Additions	815	34,769	7,720	11,250	-	54,554
Disposals	-	-40,623	-1,567	-4,818	-	-47,008
Impairment	-	-5,577	-	-	-	-5,577
Scope change	-	-759	-	-31	-	-790
Translation adjustment	-	-2,043	334	-5,641	-	-7,350
As at December 31, 2016	5,188	307,067	38,609	137,611	-	488,475
As at January 1, 2017						
Additions	986	43,866	8,513	13,384	-	66,749
Disposals	-	-5,734	-1,386	-4,132	-	-11,252
Impairment	-	-1,831	-	-	-	-1,831
Transfers	-	2,801	-	-	-	2,801
Scope change	-	5,915	-1,943	-143	-	3,829
Translation adjustment	-	-2,008	-55	-3,371	-	-5,434
As at December 31, 2017	6,174	350,076	43,738	143,349	-	543,337
Net book value						
- as at January 1, 2016	23,862	1,078,755	46,748	46,909	206,377	1,402,651
- as at December 31, 2016	33,935	1,358,834	49,442	55,323	272,090	1,769,624
- as at December 31, 2017	36,393	1,672,861	48,643	69,508	327,889	2,155,294

Additions to tangibles assets mainly relates to the Vastint Group (real estate). The geographical split for real estate development expenditures (residential, hotels, offices) is summarised as follows: UK 49%, PL 12%, NL 11%, DE 10%, RO 9%, NO 3%, IT 2%, BE 2% and others 2%.

Note 3 Intangible assets

In EUR 1,000	Goodwill	Licenses	Total
At cost			
As at January 1, 2016	270,563	352	270,915
Additions	400	3,279	3,679
Disposals	-686	-496	-1,182
Scope change	130,725	2,715	133,440
Translation adjustment	-16,855	-79	-16,934
As at December 31, 2016	384,147	5,771	389,918
Additions	72,934	65,240	138,174
Disposals		-392	-392
Scope change	50,224	-257	49,967
Transfers		6,772	6,772
Translation adjustment	-11,388	-1,669	-13,057
As at December 31, 2017	495,917	75,465	571,382
Accumulated depreciation			
As at January 1, 2016	48,598	-	48,598
Additions	38,445	-	38,445
Scope change	46	-	46
Translation adjustment	494	-	494
As at December 31, 2016	87,583	-	87,583
Additions	52,328	11,723	64,051
Disposals	-612	-266	-878
Scope change	-29,599	-27	-29,626
Transfers	-6	6,896	6,890
Translation adjustment	-2,214	-164	-2,378
As at December 31, 2017	107,840	18,162	125,642
Net book value			
- as at January 1, 2016	221,965	352	222,317
- as at December 31, 2016	296,564	5,771	302,335
- as at December 31, 2017	388,437	57,303	445,740

Intangible assets are mainly composed of goodwill on subsidiaries belonging to the Nalka Invest AB group.

Note 4 Foreign currencies

	Balance sheet year-end rates		Income statement average rates	
	31.12.2017	31.12.2016	2017	2016
US Dollar (USD)	0.8329	0.9473	0.8797	0.9063
British Pound (GBP)	1.1258	1.1694	1.1431	1.2190
Swedish Krona (SEK)	0.1018	0.1044	0.1037	0.1056

Note 5 Current and non-current financial assets

In EUR 1,000	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
Non-listed investments	2,890,332	2,863,102
Non-current loans receivable	7,625,025	8,286,679
Total non-current financial assets	10,515,357	11,149,781
Current loans receivables	3,231,213	2,439,832
Total current financial assets	3,231,213	2,439,832

Non-listed investments are mainly composed of investment funds and minority stake in non-listed companies. In addition, non-listed investments includes a participation in a related entity in the amount of EUR 1,296m.

Note 6 Inventories

In EUR 1,000	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
Raw material and consumables	15,665	8,363
Inventory in progress	938	796
Finished goods and goods for resale	75,559	66,756
Assets held for sale	22,117	10,217
Total	114,279	86,132

Assets held for sale are related to real estate. Other inventories are highly diversified as industrial, wholesale and retail goods.

Note 7 Securities

Securities are composed of publicly traded bonds and other debt instruments.

Note 8 Cash and cash equivalents

In EUR 1,000	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
Cash at bank and in hand	115,517	112,071
Short-term deposits	80,164	50,126
Total	195,681	162,197

Note 9 Provisions

In EUR 1,000	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
Provisions for employment commitment	10,172	12,541
Deferred taxation	36,884	21,329
Other provisions	4,690	2,944
Total	51,746	36,814

The provision for employment commitment is a potential liability related to past pension obligations, for pension programs no longer in force within the Group.

Note 10 Current and non-current financial liabilities

The current and non-current financial liabilities comprise loans owed to credit institutions and related parties with the following maturity:

In EUR 1,000	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
More than one year	7,720,943	8,365,921
Less than one year	2,042,044	2,006,713
Total	9,762,987	10,372,634

The majority of the non-current loans are granted by related parties (see Note 11).

Note 11 Transactions with related parties

Balance sheet In EUR 1,000	31.12.2017	31.12.2016
Non-current financial assets	8,882,910	9,545,036
Other receivables and prepayments	1,427	263
Current financial assets	3,230,775	2,439,556
Assets	12,115,112	11,984,855
Non-current financial liabilities	7,500,000	8,200,000
Current financial liabilities	1,611,449	1,413,615
Liabilities	9,111,449	9,613,615

Income statement In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Other operating revenues	14,136	13,027
Service expenses	232	-
Dividend income	1,500,000	242,033
Interest income	409,326	354,383
Interest expense	-389,857	-349,324

Related parties are defined as subsidiaries of Interogo Foundation, the ultimate owner, who are not part of the Interogo Holding AG consolidation scope.

Any rendering of services and lending to and from related parties are entered at market conditions.

Note 12 Sales

Sales are composed of diversified activities such as industrial, wholesale and retail goods.

Note 13 Other operating revenues

In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Rental income	132,775	108,840
Service income	100,631	100,189
Investment income	455,217	160,035
Gain on sales of tangible assets	1,166	8,756
Other	4,391	2,555
Total	694,180	380,375

Rental income is defined as leased properties and modular constructions; Service income relates to fund management and maintenance activities; Investment income relates to realised gains and dividends on actively managed non-listed investments.

Note 14 Personnel expenses

In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Wages and salaries	174,249	136,141
Social security expenses	43,736	37,943
Pension expenses	10,777	18,081
Other	4,986	7,275
Total	233,748	199,440

Note 15 Employee pensions

The Group provides post-employment benefits to its employees, in the form of defined contribution pension plans, in most countries where it operates and in line with country legislation.

Note 16 Other operating expenses

In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Consultancy, advisory and investment fees	72,976	61,893
Impairment on non-current financial assets	27,842	52,214
Property maintenance, repairs and utilities	35,968	34,345
Marketing and communication	13,591	9,808
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	368	1,015
Other operating expenses	64,555	41,148
Total	215,300	200,423

Note 17 Financial result

In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Dividend income	1,500,000	242,033
Net foreign exchange gains or losses	5,814	23,542
Fair value adjustments on securities	2,727	4,195
Interest income and expenses	4,847	3,748
Other financial income and expenses	6	4,884
Total	1,513,394	278,402

Note 18 Income taxes

In EUR 1,000	2017	2016
Current income taxes	20,889	13,785
Deferred income taxes	-2,707	1,265
Total	18,182	15,050

EUR 22.6m of the tax losses carried forward have been recognised as deferred tax asset amounting to EUR 12.4m (2016: EUR 4.9m). The tax losses carried forward not recognised amount to EUR 68m (2016: EUR 56m).

Note 19 Contingent liabilities

Group companies have issued guarantees towards third parties for a total amount of EUR 1.3m. The Group also has commitments into conditional land purchase agreements for EUR 20.2m (2016: EUR 30.0 million).

The Company has foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps outstanding as of December 31, 2017. These contracts were entered into in order to hedge the intercompany and related party loans. The Company has unrealised gains on spots, swaps and forwards on foreign exchange transactions for a total amount of EUR 26.4 million (2016: EUR 11.3 million) and unrealised losses amounting to EUR 9.6 million (2016: EUR 15.8 million). The nominal value of foreign exchange transactions amounts to EUR 2,452 million. (2016: EUR 1,988 million). The nominal value of the interest rate swaps amounts to EUR 95 million (2016: EUR 0).

Note 20 Contractual obligations

Future leasing obligations amount to EUR 134.5m (2016: EUR 164.2m) from land leases and other rental arrangements.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the General Meeting of
Interogo Holding AG, Freienbach

Zurich, 19 April 2018

Report of the statutory auditor on the consolidated financial statements

As statutory auditor, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Interogo Holding AG, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of cash-flows, changes in shareholders' equity and notes to the consolidated financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Board of Directors' responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and the requirements of Swiss law. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and comply with Swiss law.

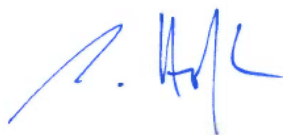
Report on other legal requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

Ernst & Young Ltd



Willy Hofstetter
Licensed audit expert
(Auditor in charge)



Pascal Solèr
Licensed audit expert

Enclosure

- Consolidated financial statements (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of cash-flows, changes in shareholders' equity and notes to the consolidated financial statements)

Interogo Holding AG

For further information, please
visit the Interogo Holding AG website,
www.interogoholding.com